3. Miscellaneous Codes

a. Security Classification

b. Source Locator 4. Abbreviation File

C. Data Base

Daily Reports

25X1A7b

2. Early Intellectax Coverage

3. NODEX

h. Cables

D. Intellofax Procedures

1. The Batch System

2. "Flash".

3. The Abstracting Program

E. The Microfilm Program

F. The Source Card File

G. The Intelligence Publications Index (IPI)

Excluded from autamo downgrading and declassification

A. Cooperation with Army, Air Force, and Navy ISC.

B. MINICARD

- II. The Era of Inter-Agency Cooperation
 - A. Cooperation with Army, Air Force, and Navy: ISC
 - B. MINICARD Project

III. Revised Intellefax System

- A. Systems Improvements
- B. Impact of DARE
- C. Equipment Developments (except DARE)

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INTRODUCTION

The history of the Intellofax System encompasses many facets of the information storage and retrieval system of the Office of Collection and Dissemination (OCD) and its successor, the Office of Central Reference (OCR). Two OCD Dissisions, the Machine Division mD) (Central Index until 1948 and Machine Methods Division until 1954) (Intelligence Document Division until 1948) and the CIA Library, were responsible for the development and the operation of the Intellofax System -- equipment, classification input scheme, and retrieval. The office reorganization of 1956 added a third layer of responsibility- a new Document Division (DD) for walking This history includes all aspects of the Intelligent System the document of th as well as constantly advanced machine applications leading to the computers of the 1960's. A project which had great impact on the Intellefax System but was not adopted- MINICARD-is discussed in detail. The Intelligence Publications Index (IPI), the index of finished intelligence documents, is historically part of OCD/OCR's information storage and retrieval system and, therefore, appears with the Intellofax System.

on the Intellofax System

The impact of the Library Consultants! Survey of 1957 and the resulting Task Team Reports of 1958 is discussed in the chapter on the CIA Library.

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^{*} Separate chapters appear on the Library and the Document Division

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d. Researchers desire the availability of a bibliographic list-out of finished intelligence material for research putpeses. Intellofax provides the quickest service and desired specificity. (in spite of this last conclusion, OCR managers decided in September 1960 that finished intelligence would no longer be indexed in the Intellofax System.)

Denouement nothing ever materialized. Studies were made on the possibility of mechanizing the IPI, but The IPI, thereforem continued to be published. During the

Memo from EXA/CR to D/CR "Identication of Positions to be Eliminated" 16 Nov 66 SECRET CONF (in OCR Org. and Mgte.

(July-Dec 66) Box 69-592

unsettling years of 1966 and 1967 due to decisions about on top 25X1A2g of continuing budget cuts, the IPI was a target for change or reconfigurawas experimenting with a publication called SKAN 25X1A2g (Subject Keyword Announcement) which was a computer listing of collateral documents on Communist China. OCR management debatted whether the IPI should be incorated into an expanded SKAN, whether the SKAN computer program should be applied to the IPI, whether the Special Register KWIC (keyword in context) approach should be used whithin the subjut about such should be used or whether there should just be a reduction in imput. None of these possibilities occurred. Instead the IPI was prepared and published as it had been throughout the years. As a matter of fact, it was almost the last activity to be phased out with the complete reorganization of CRS in 1967/68. In answer to Mr. Borel's query as to what, if anything, would be provided as a substitute to the IPI, C/DR answered that in the design of the bibliographic/shallow indexing which would be applied to the bulk of the material received by the reorganized OCR, there would be the capability to retrieve and publish bibliographic citations Contraction of the contraction

possibilities occurred. Instead the TPI was prepared and published as it had been throughout its history. As a matter of fact, it was the last activity to be phased out with the complete reorganization of CRS in in67/68.

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Without any advage warning to the "outside world", an announcement, signed by D/CR, appeared in the February 1968 issue of the IPI to the effect that no more issues would be published. After 15 years of continuous publication and with a T/O fluctuating between 1/2 four and six, the IPI had earned its reputation as the only complete publication of its type in the intelligence community. Its size had grown from 146 pages in the 1953 cumulation to 454 pages in the last 1967 cumulation.

Historical Facts

Editors 1952 (planning stages/53 1953

1954**-**58 1959**-**61

1961-February 1968

Dct 1966-Feb 68

rganization within OCD/OCR

1952
1953-55
1953-55
1955
Publications Review Section, Book Branch, Librar, Publications Review Section, Analysis & Catalog Branch, Library

1956-66
Special extion, Analysis Branch, Document Div

Indexing and Services Division

Title Indexing Section, Customer Services,

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Rules for flow and selection criteria of documents were made simultaneously with those for the Intellofax System. NIS's were indexed from 1953 until 1958; classified US research and development publications were included from 1957-58; FDD publications were selectively indexed after 1955; selected non-NPIC photo interpretation studies were included after 1960. In 1956 a request to index the 25X1A7b

Daily Reports was rejected as not feasible and as not felling into the criteria of finished intelligence. At the request of the DD/I in 1955, the IPI staff began to provide citations of all new monographic intelligence, including NIS's, for listing in the

OCI Current Wintelligence Weekly Summary

Along with other programs, the IPI was surveyed as to the

asefulness. In 1958 a team, composed of

made personal_{25X1A9a}

interviews with representatives from each CODIB member agency.

Questionnaires were sent out to recipients not in the Washington area.

The following conclusions were reported to CODIB in December:

- a. The IPI is used primarily as an announcement of current accessions; therefore researchers want a printed index published regularly.
- b. Since this is the only publication of its type in the intelligence community, no one wants it discontinued.
- c. Users are satisfied with the coverage, content and format and cumulation policy.

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The Library Countrants

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on Library) was

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the resultations

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GROUP 1
Excluded from automotic downgroding and declassification